ESMER Wet Gas Meter

**Technology Overview**

ESMER Wet Gas Meter (*esmerWGM*) is designed specifically for wet gas metering applications.

*esmerWGM* provides high accuracy wet gas measurement using a conventional electro-mechanical skid aided by specialized real-time hydrodynamic and thermodynamic software.

*esmerWGM* comprises a standard venturi meter. The mass rate is calculated from the differential pressure equation assuming dry gas flow which is then corrected for over-reading due to the presence of the liquid phase.

Liquid fraction required for the correction term is determined from pressure recovery analysis and the thermodynamic (PVT) calculation performed on-line.
**Electro - Mechanical System Overview**

*esmerWGM* comprises a conventional venturi system designed as per ISO5167. An additional differential pressure measurement is made downstream to provide the required inputs into the hydrodynamic model for the estimation of the liquid drop out.

*esmerWGM* is fitted with the following industry standard transmitters:

- DP
- DP (recovery)
- AP
- RTD
- Red Eye water-cut sensor (option)

Data acquisition and metering application runs on a rack mounted industrial PC in the safe area. Measurements are displayed and stored locally and transmitted via RS-485 with the Modbus protocol.
ESMER VR4 WGM (RED EYE OPTION)

The skid can be oriented horizontally or vertically.
**Specification**

Each esmerWGM is built and calibrated to order to meet specific process and fluid requirements.

A sizing calculation will be made to suit given operating conditions. An example is shown on the right.

Careful attention is paid to material selection to provide protection against corrosion.

esmerWGMs are quality tested by third party inspectors. We collaborate closely with TUV, Bureau Veritas, Lloyds to implement industry standards for testing and inspection during FAT testing of systems.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operating Envelope</th>
<th>Measurement Uncertainty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gas: Depends on pipe diameter (above)</td>
<td>Liquid flow rate: +/- 5% (relative)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquid: Depends on pipe diameter (above)</td>
<td>Gas flow rate: +/- 3% (relative)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Cut: 0 – 100%</td>
<td>Water cut: +/- 5% (abs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GVF: 95 – 100%</td>
<td>Quoted at 95% confidence level. Accuracy will depend on GVF, water composition and field tune-up capability. A specific accuracy target will be provided for each application.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pressure: up to 150 bar</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature: up to 120 °C</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Electro-Mechanics**

**Materials, Flanges, Schedule:** Built to NACE and ASME standards. Materials selected as per customer request.

**Meter sizes:** 3” to 14”

**Transmitters:** DP/AP/ RTD/Water-cut

**Certification:** EEx ia IIB T4

**Power Supply:** 24 VDC / 110/220 VAC / 20 W

**Typical Dimensions:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SIZE (600 ANSI)</th>
<th>L mm</th>
<th>H mm</th>
<th>W mm</th>
<th>WEIGHT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3&quot;</td>
<td>1180</td>
<td>1293</td>
<td>623</td>
<td>180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6&quot;</td>
<td>1669</td>
<td>1376</td>
<td>706</td>
<td>275</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10&quot;</td>
<td>2683</td>
<td>1528</td>
<td>858</td>
<td>520</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Flow Computer and Software

esmerWGM is founded on a user friendly Windows based software package which handles all the data acquisition and measurement tasks.

Measurements are displayed in real-time strip charts and saved in a database. Diagnostic and reporting functions are available.

Measurements can also be transmitted in analog or digital form via Ethernet and serial ports under a number of protocols.

- **Hazardous Area:** Beckoff Microprocessor in Class II 2G EEx d IIB T6 Exd Enclosure
- **Safe Area:** Beckoff Industrial PC in IP55 Rack Mount Enclosure
- **Software:** ESMER / Windows
- **Communication:** RS232/RS485/Ethernet/MODBUS
**Hydrodynamic and Thermodynamic Flow Models**

*esmerWGM* can be configured for use under a variety of fluid and flow regimes by means of a combination of hydrodynamic and thermodynamic models. Flow models are fine tuned against process conditions in the field by proprietary methods.

*esmerWGM* software executes the following calculation steps to predict true gas and liquid flow rates:

1. Apparent gas mass gas flow rate is determined from the Bernoulli equation:
   \[
   m_{g(\text{app})} = C_d E c A_d \sqrt{2 \rho_g \Delta p_g}
   \]  
   (2a)

   where \( m_{g(\text{app})} \) is the apparent gas mass flow rate determined by the meter from the two-phase flow differential pressure.

   \( C_d \) is the discharge coefficient of that meter from a dry gas flow calibration.

   \( E \) is the velocity of approach factor \( \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \beta^4}} \right) \)

   \( c \) is the gas expansibility factor.

   \( A_d \) is the minimum cross sectional area through the meter.

   \( \Delta p_g \) is the measured two-phase differential pressure.

   \( \beta \) is the square root of the ratio of the minimum flow cross sectional area through the meter to the inlet cross sectional area.

2. Apparent gas mass flow rate calculated by the Bernoulli equation will over predict the actual gas rate due to the presence of the liquid phase which is not accounted for in equation 2a. Actual gas mass flow rate can then be determined by means of the Correction Factor:
   \[
   \dot{m}_g = \frac{m_{g(\text{app})}}{\text{CorrectionFactor}}
   \]  
   (3a)

   Where the over-reading Correction Factor is given the de Leeuw correlation:

   \[
   \dot{m}_g = \frac{m_{g(\text{app})}}{\sqrt{1 + CX + X^2}}
   \]

   where

   \[
   C = \left( \frac{\rho_l}{\rho_g} \right)^n + \left( \frac{\rho_g}{\rho_l} \right)^n
   \]

   and \( n = 0.41 \) for \( 0.5 \leq Fr_g \leq 1.5 \)

   \[
   n = 0.600 \left( 1 - e^{-0.746 Fr_g} \right) \text{ for } Fr_g \geq 1.5
   \]
Where, $X$ (the Lockhart-Martinelli Parameter) is defined as:

$$X = \frac{m_1}{m_g} \frac{\sqrt{\rho_g}}{\sqrt{\rho_1}}$$

Where, Froude number is defined as:

$$Fr_g = \frac{U_{sg}}{\sqrt{gD}} \frac{\sqrt{\rho_g}}{\sqrt{\rho_1 - \rho_g}}$$

Where, $U_{sg}$ is gas superficial velocity.

Hence, it is seen that a-priori knowledge of the liquid fraction is required in order to apply the wet gas correction.

**esmerWGM** determines the liquid fraction by two complimentary methods. The calculations are performed on-line and validated against one another:

- By means of recovery pressure analysis.
- Compositional modelling of the fluid stream by means of an equation of state and performing a flash calculation at line pressure and temperature.

**Calibration Inputs**

- Gas composition

**Outputs**

The following outputs are provided:

- Pressure
- Temperature
- Gas flow rate (mass or volume)
- Liquid flow rate
- Water fraction
- GOR
**Sensitivity of Accuracy to Liquid Fraction and Pressure**

**Liquid Fraction Error**

As shown in the chart on the right, the wet-gas correction error (i.e., due to error in liquid fraction) is relatively small. For example, at 30 bar and GVF=0.98, an increase in the liquid fraction error from 20% to 100% would only result in the doubling of the wet gas total measurement error from 3% to 6%.

**Pressure and GVF Effect**

The correction term is however quite sensitive to pressure. For example, consider the chart on the right. Under same measurement conditions and error margins, reducing the pressure from 60 bar to 15 bar results in increasing the error in the wet gas measurement by a factor of three.
Flow Loop Calibration & Performance Benchmark

esmerWGMs are calibrated / tested in 3rd party wet gas flow loops. NEL UK flow loop is commonly used. NEL provides an independent performance report on request.

Some examples of NEL reports are:

- EVALUATION OF A 6 inch ESMER MPFM IN WET-GAS NEL Report 2013/386 August 2013

NEL REPORT

ESMER calibrations are carried out under conditions which provide the best match against particular process conditions. Particular laboratories and calibration matrices will be recommended after a careful study of the process conditions and the operating envelope.

Field Calibration & Validation

esmerWGM can be validated and recalibrated against a conventional gravity separator as per API 2566 guidelines

Petroleum Software Ltd
http://www.petroleumsoftware.co.uk